Massachusetts Elevator Safety Association - MESA Monthly Meeting – OSHA Update 2023 Norwood, MA, April 11, 2023

OSHA Safety Update 2023

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Topics for Discussion:

- They also create mini-construction sites with Modernization. So what can be done to prep an active building for heavy equipment replacement in a way that mimics the requirements on a traditional construction site.
- Any elevator specific hazards information trends
- Accident reporting to OSHA
- Emerging safety products or process OSHA's "Safe and Sound" event and info
- Jobsite safety for non-field employees. Sales, surveys, walkthroughs, etc.
- Best practices to impart safety onto their field mechanics.
- Info on warehouse safety.
- Most companies operate a fleet of vehicles including box trucks or flat beds.
- How/why/when should you got OSHA Training cards (10 and 30 hour) CLI A[®] Occupation

Safety and Health Administration

OSHA On-site Consultation

Free

MA Department of Labor Standards OSHA Consultation Prograr Wall Experiment Station 37 Shattuck Street Lawrence, MA 01843

phone: 617-626-6504 fax: 978-687-0013 email: <u>Masscon@state.ma.us</u>







Bringing business together to network and share ideas in the occupational safety and health community.

New England Roundtable Online Series

9:00 am to 10:15 am | log-on begins at 8:50 am

taking place online at:

https://keene.zoom.us/j/402526797

February 8, 2023 - New England OSHA Consultation Program for Small Businesses

Presented by: Consultation Program Managers

Using a free consultation service funded by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), employers can find out about potential hazards at their worksites, improve their occupational safety and health management systems, and even qualify for a one-year exemption from routine OSHA inspection. Primarily targeted for smaller, high-hazard businesses, OSHA's safety and health consultation program is completely separate from the OSHA inspection effort. In addition, no citations are issued or penalties proposed. Confidentiality will be strictly maintained during the consultation process. This session will give small business in New England the opportunity to learn more about the services the regions' consultation programs provide.

February 15, 2023 - Developing Psychological Safety @ Work Presented by: Shannon Prescott, CWCA, COSS, The Richards Group

Increasingly, organizations have come to understand that one of the true keys to organizational wellness and business success is increasing the level of Employee Engagement within their organizations. We also know that people work better when their physical safety is being watched after. In this session, we will dive deeper and look at the most critical factor in employee engagement, better performing teams and increased retention rates: Psychological Safety & Wellness. Learn what diverse industries such as airlines, healthcare, nuclear







Most frequently cited OSHA standards during FY 22 inspections

- 1. Fall Protection General Requirements
- 2. Hazard Communication (1910.1200)
- 3. Respiratory Protection (1910.134)
- 4. Ladders (1926.1053)
- 5. Scaffolding (1926.451)

- 6. Lockout/Tagout (1910.147)
- 7. Powered Industrial Trucks (1910.178)
- 8. Fall Protection Training Requirements (1926.503)
- 9. PPE and Life Saving Equipment- Eye and Face Protection (1926.102)
- 10. Machine Guarding (1910.212)



www.osha.gov/Top_Ten_Standards.html

OSHA OIS Inspection Data

Top 10 Violations in Construction (10/1/21 - 9/30/22)

Standard	Total Violations	Serious Violations	Willful Violations	Repeat Violations
1926.501 - Fall Protection	5,994	4,828	223	852
1926.1053 - Ladders	2,476	2,243	11	124
1926.451 - Scaffolding	2,293	2,163	11	66
1926.503 - Fall Protection Training	1,780	1,230	7	112
1926.102 - Eye & Face Protection	1,583	1,367	25	164
1925.100 - Head Protection	859	755	8	54
1926.20 - General S & H Provisions	843	686	7	69
1926.651 - Excavation Requirements	624	515	11	21
1926.453 - Aerial Lifts	681	621	4	20
1926.502 - Fall Protection Systems	529	464	0	17



Occupational Safety and Health Administration

OSHA – Top 10 in New England

OSHA REGION 1 (CT, MA, ME, NH, RI, VT)

- 1. Fall Protection General Requirements (1926.501)
- 2. Ladders (1926.1053)
- 3. Respiratory Protection (1910.134)
- 4. Fall Protection Training Requirements (1926.503)
- 5. Hazard Communication (1910.1200)
- 6. Scaffolding (1926.451)
- Inspections, Citations and Proposed Penalties Abatement Verification (1903.19)
- 8. Powered Industrial Trucks (1910.178)
- 9. Lockout/Tagout (1910.147)
- 10. General Safety and Health Provisions (1926.20)





INSPECTION PRIORITIES

- Imminent Danger
- Fatalities and Catastrophes
- Complaints
 - Formal
 - Non-formal
- Referrals
- Programmed
- Follow Up









What Are the **Focus Four Hazards**?

Construction



Construction Focus Four

The breakdown of the causes of fatalities on construction sites in 2021 is as follows (numbers are a percentage of the 986 total construction-related fatalities that occurred in 2021):

- Falls to lower level: 378 (38.3%)
- Struck-by object or equip: 75 (7.6%)
- Electrocutions: 74 (7.5%)
- Caught-in/between: 29 (2.9%)

BLS 2021 Data for the all Ownerships



Construction Focus Four Training | Occupational Safety and Health Administration (osha.gov)

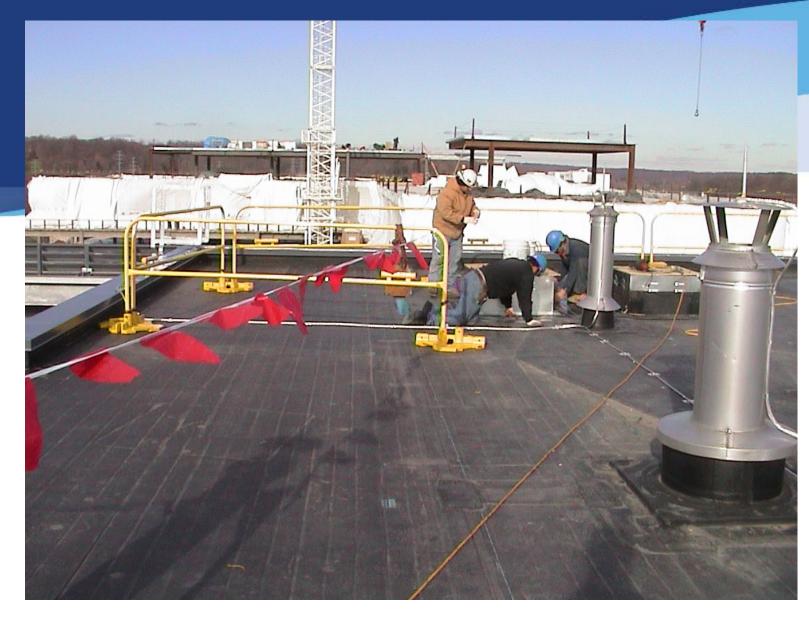


Occupational Safety and Health Administration

Fall Hazards

Silver Spring, MD — A total of 145 construction workers were killed in elevator-related incidents from 2011 through 2016 – more than twice the combined total for all other industries, according to a <u>recent report</u> from the Center for Construction Research and Training, also known as CPWR.

Falls to a lower level were the leading cause of elevator-related construction deaths, accounting for 53.5 percent of the fatalities. Nearly half of the fatal falls – 47.9 percent – were from heights of 30 feet or more.







Electrical Hazards

Hazard Recognition

Many workers are unaware of the potential electrical hazards present in their work environment, which makes them more vulnerable to the danger of electrocution. According to <u>29 CFR 1926.21(b)(2)</u>, "The employer shall instruct each employee in the recognition and avoidance of unsafe conditions and the regulations applicable to his work environment to control or eliminate any hazards or other exposure to illness or injury."

•Electric shock: Electrical shock can occur during elevator installation if a mechanic is using a power tool that isn't grounded. Shock can also happen if there are loose wires or conductive materials nearby.



Struck-By Hazards

Protect from falling tools, materials and debris

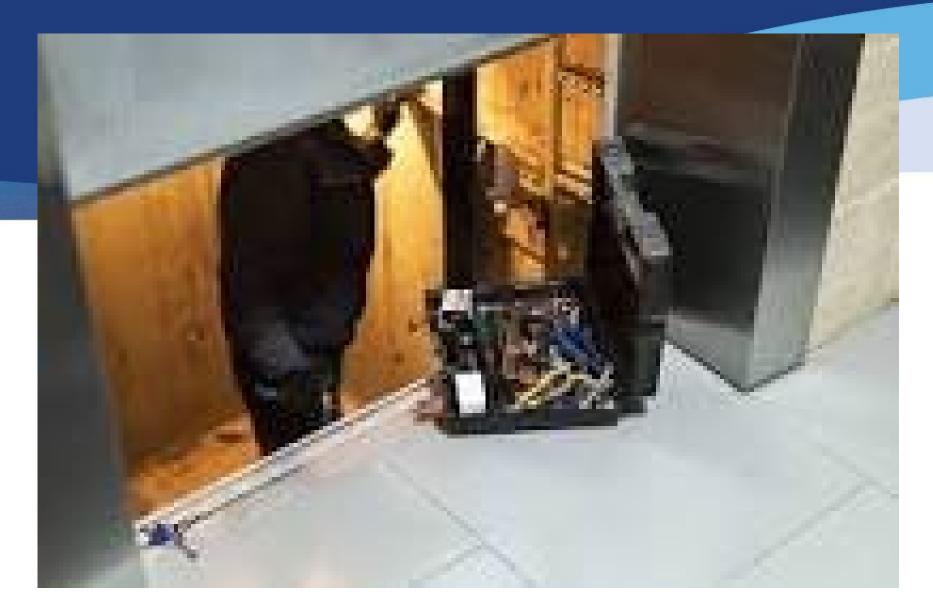


Photo: Kyryl Gorlov/iStockphoto



Caught-In-Between Hazards

There have been fatalities and injuries recently where workers have been crushed or caught in between the elevator cabs.

At 9:30 a.m. on February 18, 2021, Employee #1 was working in the pit of an elevator shaft while Employee # 2 was working on the 6th floor. The employees were doing upgrades to the elevator. The elevator fell from the top floor and struck Employee #1. Employee #2 was also injured and both employees were hospitalized. Employee #1 died at the hospital.

Keywords:blocks, confined space, crushed, elevator, elevator shaft, entry permit, falling object, head, lockout, lockout/tagout, mechanic, pit, safety block, shaft, struck against, struck by, unauthorized, unguarded



Other CPWR/NIOSH Fatality Findings

Other findings:

Workers installing or repairing elevators had the highest fatality rate, at 14.9 per 100,000 full-time equivalent workers. Laborers experienced the most fatalities, with 31.
Workers in organizations with 10 or fewer employees comprised 33.8 percent of the fatalities.
35.2 percent of the fatally injured workers were younger than 35.

•Annual elevator-related fatality totals trended upward between 2003 (14) and 2016 (28), peaking at 37 in 2015.

https://www.safetyandhealthmagazine.com/articles/18054-elevator-related-fatalities-inconstruction-industry-increasing-cpwr



Preventing Focus Four Hazards



Recommended Practices for Safety & Health Programs in Construction

Safety Management - A safe workplace is sound business Occupational Safety and Health Administration (osha.gov)

- Management Leadership
- Worker Participation
- Hazard Identification & Assessment
- Hazard Prevention & Control
- Education & Training
- Program Evaluation & Improvement
- Communication & Coordination for Employers on Multiemployer Worksites



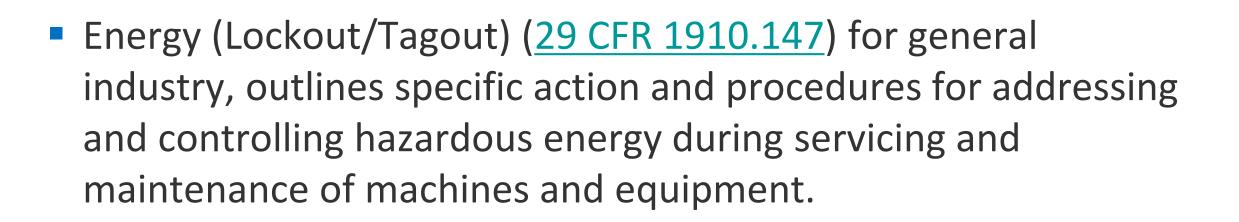


Lockout/Tagout and Confine Space general industry

Standards and Letters of Interpretations



Locking and Tagging Out Equipment During Maintenance



<u>1910.147 - The control of hazardous energy (lockout/tagout).</u> | <u>Occupational Safety and Health Administration (osha.gov)</u>



Control of Hazardous Energy (Lockout/Tagout)



- # Some of the Standard Interpretations Lockout/Tagout
- 1 05/09/2006 1910.147(c)(4)(i) <u>Use of additional lock on a conveyor and</u> <u>baler system exceeds one lockout device.</u>
- 2 04/11/2000 1910.147(c)(4)(i) <u>Energy control procedures must be</u> <u>developed unless eight conditions met.</u>
- 3 01/11/1996 1910.147(c)(4)(i) <u>Permit-required confined spaces and</u> <u>control of hazardous energy; vehicle LOTO.</u>

https://www.osha.gov/control-hazardous-energy



Confine Space Letter of Interpretation for Elevator Pits



[Question 1:] Is an elevator pit considered a confined space?

[Reply 1:] Generally speaking, the answer is "yes." The definition of a confined space is a space which has limited or restricted means of entry or exit, is large enough for an employee to enter and perform assigned work, and is not designated for continuous occupancy by the employee.

<u>Elevator industry employees working in and around pits</u> <u>and equipment. | Occupational Safety and Health</u> <u>Administration (osha.gov)</u>



Elevator industry employees working in and around pits and equipment. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (osha.gov) Continued

Question 2:] What obligations do "host" employers have to [elevator] contractors who work at their facility?

[Reply 2:] Besides the initial determination requirement of paragraph 1910.146(c)(1), the "host" employer must comply with the five (5) requirements of paragraph 1910.146(c)(8) when engaging another employer (contractor) who will have employees in permit spaces under the control of the host employer. These requirements are:

[Question 3:] Can an elevator pit determined to be a permit space be reclassified as a non-permit space.

[Reply 3:] Yes, an elevator pit could be reclassified as a non-permit confined space through elimination of the hazard by employing the requirements of paragraph 1910.146(c)(7).



Confine Space – A few key standards

1910.146(d)(9)Develop and implement procedures for summoning rescue and emergency services, for rescuing entrants from permit spaces, for providing necessary emergency services to rescued employees, and for preventing unauthorized personnel from attempting a rescue;

1910.146(d)(10)Develop and implement a system for the preparation, issuance, use, and cancellation of entry permits as required by this section;

Training.

<u>1910.146(g)(1)</u>The employer shall provide training so that all employees whose work is regulated by this section acquire the understanding, knowledge, and skills necessary for the safe performance of the duties assigned under this section.

https://www.osha.gov/confined-spaces

Warehousing



https://www.osha.gov/powered-industrial-trucks

https://www.osha.gov/warehousing

https://www.osha.gov/warehousing/hazards-solutions

https://www.osha.gov/warehousing/standardsenforcement



Reporting Fatalities and Severe Injuries

- All employers are required to notify OSHA when an employee is killed on the job or suffers a work-related hospitalization, amputation, or loss of an eye.
- A fatality must be reported within 8 hours.
- An in-patient hospitalization, amputation, or eye loss must be reported within 24 hours.



www.osha.gov/report.html



Outreach Training (10-Hour or 30-Hour Cards)



Outreach training courses are basic hazard awareness classes for workers delivered by OSHA-authorized trainers. They are not required by OSHA, but some localities and employers require them.

Find a Trainer | Replace a Card | Avoid Card Fraud

OSHA Initiatives, Resources and Events





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FY23 Construction **National Outreach Events**

- National Stand Down to Prevent Struck By Incidents, April 17-21, 2023
- National Safety Stand-Down to Prevent Falls in Construction, May 1-5, 2023
- Trench Safety Stand Down, June 19-23, 2023
- Safe + Sound Week, August 2023
- Construction Suicide Prevention Week, September 4 -8, 2023



APRIL 17-21, 2023 NATIONAL STAND-DOWN TO PREVENT STRUCK-BY INCIDENTS OR MORE INFORMATION VISIT: HTTP://CPWR.COM/STRUCK-BY-HAZARD





Heat Illness Prevention Campaign

- Heat illness sickens thousands and results in the deaths of dozens of workers each year
- Campaign educates employers and workers on danger of working in heat, and three steps to prevention: WATER. REST. SHADE.
- Resources include OSHA-NIOSH heat safety app
- Informal launch is "No-Fry Day" Friday before Memorial Day



WATER REST SHADE.

OSHA Heat Illness Prevention Campaign



Spanish

<u>English</u>



osha.gov/heat



Join the National Safety Stand-Down

To Prevent Falls in Construction

Falls can be prevented: PLAN ahead to get the job done safely. PROVIDE the right equipment. TRAIN everyone to use the equipment safely.



MAY 1-5, 2023

National Safety Stand-Down to Prevent Falls in Construction | Occupational Safety and Health Administration (osha.gov)



- Nationwide event to raise awareness of value of safety and health programs
- Organizations of any size or in any industry can participate
- OSHA provides suggested activities



<u>Safe + Sound Week | Occupational Safety</u> and Health Administration (osha.gov) Recognize Safe + Sound Week 2023: August - <u>Safe + Sound Week | Occupational Safety and Health</u> Administration (osha.gov)



Management Leadership is a core element of a workplace safety and health program. Accelerate your program and show your commitment in your workplace. Take 3 in 30!



Check on Safety Challenge <u>Finding and fixing</u> hazards is a core element of a workplace safety and health program. This can help you move your business forward to prevent workplace injuries and illnesses.



All in on Safety Challenge

Worker Participation is a core element of a workplace safety and health program. It's important to create an environment where all workers feel included, heard, and respected.

Suicide Prevention

Provides information about Construction Suicide Prevention Week, September 4 – 8, 2023.

Construction Suicide Prevention Week 2023

Get help now.

If you're having trouble coping with work-related stress, talk with someone who can help.

- Call 1-800-273-8255
- Para español 1-888-628-9454
- Online chat suicidepreventionlifeline.org/chat



Occupational Safety and Health Administration

www.osha.gov/preventingsuicides



WORKPLACE STRESS

Make Work Better – Mental Health Matters

Overview

Understanding the Problem	
Guidance & Tips for Employers	>
Real-World Solutions	>
Outreach Materials	>

Workers' Rights

Workplace Stress - Overview | Occupational Safety and Health Administration (osha.gov) Stress can be harmful to our health and increase mental health challenges. Mental health challenges can include clinical mental illness and substance use disorders as well as other emotions like stress, grief, feeling sad and anxious, where these feelings are temporary and not part of a diagnosable condition. While there are many things in life that induce stress, work can be one of those factors. However, workplaces can also be a key place for resources, solutions, and activities designed to improve our mental health and well-being.

Workplace stress and poor mental health can negatively affect workers through¹:

- Job performance
- Productivity
- Work engagement and communication
- Physical capability and daily functioning



Understanding the Problem

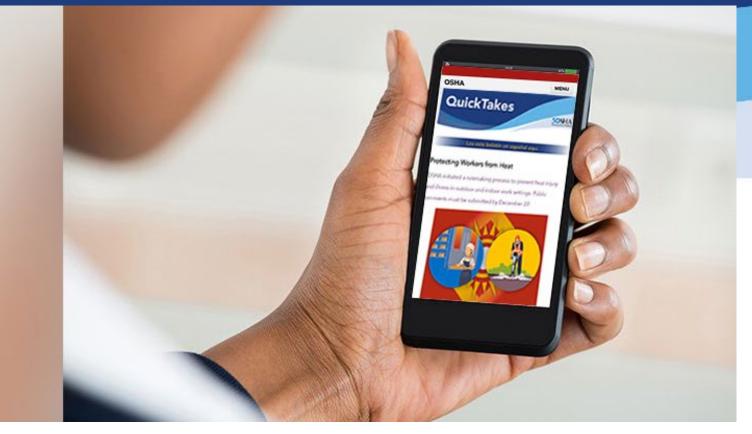
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Guidance and Tips for Employers

Statistics

- Nearly one in five US adults live with a mental illness².
- Workplace stress has been reported to cause 120,000 deaths in the US each year³.
- Approximately 65% of U.S. workers surveyed have characterized work as being a very significant or somewhat significant source of stress in each year from 2019-2021⁴.
- 83% of US workers suffer from work-related stress
 54% of workers report that work stress affects

Occupational Safety and Health Administration OSHA's online newsletter provides the latest news about enforcement actions, rulemaking, outreach activities, compliance assistance, and training and educational resources.



Join more than 330,000 subscribers who rely on QuickTakes for information about workplace safety and health. QT is free and distributed twice monthly. Starting in 2018, QuickTakes subscribers began receiving occasional "Did You Know?" messages informing them of OSHA safety resources.

Quicktakes - Biweekly E-newsletter | Occupational Safety and Health Administration (osha.gov)





OSHA

www.osha.gov 800-321-OSHA (6742)

 Occupational Safety and Health
 Administration